U.S. Appln. No. 10/509,601

Attorney Docket No.: Q83766

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS** 

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:** 

1. (currently amended): A progressive multifocal lens for correcting eyesight

comprising:

having a progressive refracting interface, said in a progressive refracting interface is

located on the a side of an eyeball or a refracting interface on the a side of an object,

wherein the progressive refracting interface including comprises:

a distance portion, and

a near portion with different refractive powers, and

a progressive portion of which refractive power varies progressively

therebetween,

wherein the progressive multifocal lens is characterized in that the eyeball-side refracting

interface or the object-side refracting interface is a combined refracting interface composed of

comprising an original progressive refracting interface set only to exhibit a desired eyesight

corrective characteristic and an original toric surface set only to exhibit a desired astigmatism

corrective characteristic, and

wherein, when the z-axis is an axis passing through the center of the progressive

refracting interface from the object toward the eyeball, the-x-axis is the-cylinder axis of the

original toric surface, and the-y-axis is an axis perpendicular to the x-axis and the z-axis, value zp

2

U.S. Appln. No. 10/509,601

Attorney Docket No.: Q83766

in any point P  $(x_p, y_p, z_p)$  in the combined refracting interface is expressed by <u>a first</u> expression (1) or <u>a second expression</u> (2) by using the approximate curvature Cp of the original progressive

refracting interface, curvature Cx in the x-axis direction, and curvature Cy in the y-axis direction,

wherein the first expression (1) is expressed as -[Numerical Formula 1]

$$z_{p} = \frac{(c_{p} + c_{x})x^{2} + (c_{p} + c_{y})y^{2}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{((c_{p} + c_{x})x^{2} + (c_{p} + c_{y})y^{2})^{2}}{x^{2} + y^{2}}} \rightarrow \cdots (1) - \underline{\text{and}}$$

wherein the second expression (2) is expressed as

[Numerical Formula 2]

$$z_{p} = \frac{(c_{p} + c_{x})x^{2}}{1 + \sqrt{1 - (c_{p} + c_{x})^{2}(x^{2} + y^{2})}} + \frac{(c_{p} + c_{y})y^{2}}{1 + \sqrt{1 - (c_{p} + c_{y})^{2}(x^{2} + y^{2})}} - \frac{(c_{p} + c_{y})y^{2}}{1 + \sqrt{1 - (c_{p} + c_{y})^{2}(x^{2} + y^{2})}}$$

- 2. (currently amended) A progressive multifocal lens according to claim 1, characterized in that wherein an the eyeball-side refracting interface surface or the an object-side refracting interface surface opposite to the surface having the combined refracting interface is spherical or rotation-symmetry aspherical in shape.
- 3. (currently amended) A method for designing a progressive multifocal lens for correcting eyesight having a progressive refracting interface in a refracting interface on the a side of an eyeball or on a side a refracting interface on the side of an object, the progressive refracting interface including comprising a distance portion, and a near portion with different refractive

U.S. Appln. No. 10/509,601

Attorney Docket No.: Q83766

powers, and a progressive portion of which refractive power varies progressively therebetween,

wherein-the method is characterized by comprising:

a first step of obtaining an original progressive refracting interface only in order that the

eyeball-side refracting interface or the object-side refracting interface exhibits an eyesight

corrective characteristic;

a second step of obtaining an original toric surface only in order that the eyeball-side

refracting interface or the object-side refracting interface exhibits a desired astigmatism-

corrective-characteristic; and

a third-step of obtaining a combined refracting interface as the eyeball-side refracting

interface or the object-side refracting interface, the combined refracting interface being

composed of comprising the original progressive refracting interface set only to exhibit a desired

eyesight corrective characteristic and the original toric surface set only to exhibit a desired

astigmatism corrective characteristic,

-wherein in the third step obtaining of the combined refracting interface, when the z-axis

is an axis passing through the center of the progressive refracting interface from the object

toward the eyeball, the-x-axis is the cylinder axis of the original toric surface, and the-y-axis is an

axis perpendicular to the x-axis and the z-axis, value  $z_p$  in any point P  $(x_p, y_p, z_p)$  in the combined

refracting interface is obtained by a first expression (1) or a second expression (2) by using the

an approximate curvature Cp of the original progressive refracting interface, a curvature Cx in

the x-axis direction, and a curvature Cy in the y-axis direction,

wherein the first expression (1) is expressed as [Numerical-Formula 3]

4

U.S. Appln. No. 10/509,601 Attorney Docket No.: Q83766

$$z_{p} = \frac{(c_{p} + c_{x})x^{2} + (c_{p} + c_{y})y^{2}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{((c_{p} + c_{x})x^{2} + (c_{p} + c_{y})y^{2})^{2}}{x^{2} + y^{2}}}} \dots (1)$$

[Numerical Formula 4] wherein the second expression (2) is expressed as

$$z_{p} = \frac{(c_{p} + c_{x})x^{2}}{1 + \sqrt{1 - (c_{p} + c_{x})^{2}(x^{2} + y^{2})}} + \frac{(c_{p} + c_{y})y^{2}}{1 + \sqrt{1 - (c_{p} + c_{y})^{2}(x^{2} + y^{2})}}.$$

- 4. (new): The progressive multifocal lens according to claim 1, wherein, the value  $z_p$  in any point P  $(x_p, y_p, z_p)$  in the combined refracting interface is expressed by the second expression (2).
- 5. (new): The progressive multifocal lens according to claim 1, wherein the object-side has the combined refracting interface and the eyeball-side surface is spherical in shape.
- 6. (new): The progressive multifocal lens according to claim 1, wherein an eyeball-side refracting interface surface or an object-side refracting interface surface opposite to the surface having the combined refracting interface is rotation-symmetry aspherical in shape.
- 7. (new): The method for designing a progressive multifocal lens according to claim 3, wherein the original toric surface is obtained by a third expression expressed as:

$$z = \frac{c_x x^2 + c_y y^2}{1 + \sqrt{1 - \frac{(c_x x^2 + c_y y^2)^2}{x^2 + y^2}}}, \text{ wherein z represents a circular arc of the original toric surface.}$$

U.S. Appln. No. 10/509,601 Attorney Docket No.: Q83766

8. (new): The method for designing a progressive multifocal lens according to claim 3, wherein the original toric surface is obtained by a fourth expression expressed as:

$$z = \frac{c_x x^2}{1 + \sqrt{1 - c_x^2 (x^2 + y^2)}} + \frac{c_y y^2}{1 + \sqrt{1 - c_y^2 (x^2 + y^2)}}$$
, wherein z represents a circular arc of the

original toric surface.